

## IN THE CLAIMS

The text of all pending claims, (including withdrawn claims) is set forth below. Cancelled and not entered claims are indicated with claim number and status only. The claims as listed below show added text with underlining and deleted text with ~~strikethrough~~. The status of each claim is indicated with one of (original), (currently amended), (cancelled), (withdrawn), (new), (previously presented), or (not entered).

Please **AMEND** the claims according to the following:

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A two-dimensional code extraction method comprising:
  - inputting image data;
  - scanning said input image data in a square block unit of MXN pixels (M and N are positive integers);
  - detecting blocks that satisfy specific conditions from said scanned blocks;
  - detecting a plurality of regions of blocks corresponding to a respective plurality of two-dimensional codes, each region of blocks comprising a number of neighboring and contiguous blocks from among said detected blocks that satisfy specific conditions from said scanned blocks;
  - detecting one or more regions of areas enclosing respective two-dimensional codes, each region of a two-dimensional code area enclosing by a margin a corresponding detected region of blocks comprising the predetermined number of the neighboring and contiguous blocks as the two-dimensional code; and
  - extracting one or more two dimensional codes from among the detected one or more regions of two-dimensional codes code areas that have more than a predetermined number of the neighboring and contiguous blocks.
2. (ORIGINAL) The two-dimensional code extraction method according to claim 1, wherein a block that includes a ratio of white pixels and black pixels that falls within a specific range is detected as a block satisfying said specific conditions.

3. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The two-dimensional code extraction method according to claim 1, wherein a block that includes a ratio between transition points of pixels within horizontal lines or vertical lines of the block and a total number of pixels of the block that falls within a specific range is detected as a block satisfying said specific conditions.

4. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The two-dimensional code extraction method according to claim 1, wherein a block in which variation of a vertical or horizontal projection of black pixels included in each line in the block falls within a specific range is detected as a block satisfying said specific conditions.

5. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The two-dimensional code extraction method according to claim 1, further comprising:

from among the detected one or more regions of two dimensional codes, detecting a two-dimensional code region enclosing by the margin a corresponding detected region of blocks comprising a maximum number of detected neighboring and contiguous blocks as the two dimensional code.

6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The two-dimensional code extraction method according to claim 1, wherein the two-dimensional code regionarea margin is determined by:

scanning an area of the detected region of blocks, from a point within said region of blocks, block by block having a predetermined size upward, downward, to the right and to the left of said point;

detecting a position such that a number of black pixels within said scanned area is less than a predetermined value; and

extracting a square area including said detected position as the region-of-the-two-dimensional code area that encloses by the margin the corresponding detected region of blocks, for each of the plurality of detected regions of blocks.

7. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A two-dimensional code extraction method according to claim 1, further comprising:

calculating average distance between pairs of black pixels within said scanned blocks; and

extracting a scanned block as a detected block satisfying said specific conditions, when

a determination is made that said calculated average distance exceeds a predetermined value.

8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The two-dimensional code extraction method according to claim 1, further comprising:

determining an angle of inclination of the input image or the angle of inclination of a two-dimensional code based upon ~~a region of a two-dimensional code area enclosing~~ containing the detected region of blocks comprising the predetermined number of the neighboring and contiguous blocks as the two-dimensional code; and

correcting the angle of inclination, if the angle of inclination exceeds a specific value.

9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The two-dimensional code extraction method according to claim 1, further comprising:

from among the detected one or more ~~regions of two dimensional codes~~ ~~code areas~~, detecting a two-dimensional code ~~region~~ ~~area~~ enclosing by the margin a corresponding detected region of blocks comprising a maximum number of detected contiguous blocks as the two-dimensional code.

10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A computer-readable medium storing a program which, when executed by a computer, causes the computer to execute a two-dimensional code extraction method comprising:

inputting image data;

scanning said input image data in a square block unit of MxN pixels (M and N are positive integers);

detecting blocks that satisfy specific conditions from said scanned blocks;

detecting a plurality of regions of blocks corresponding to a respective plurality of two-dimensional codes, each region of blocks comprising a number of neighboring and contiguous blocks from among said detected blocks that satisfy specific conditions from said scanned blocks;

detecting one or more ~~regions of~~ ~~areas~~ enclosing respective two-dimensional codes, each ~~region of a two-dimensional code~~ ~~area~~ enclosing by a margin a corresponding detected region of blocks comprising the predetermined number of the neighboring and contiguous blocks as the two-dimensional code; and

extracting one or more two-dimensional codes from among the detected one or more

~~regions of two-dimensional code areas~~ that have more than a predetermined number of neighboring and contiguous blocks.

11. (ORIGINAL) The computer-readable medium according to claim 10, wherein a block that includes a ratio of white pixels and black pixels that falls within a specific range is detected as a block satisfying said specific conditions.

12. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The computer-readable medium according to claim 10, wherein a block that includes a ratio between transition points of pixels within horizontal lines or vertical lines of the block and a total number of pixels of the block that falls within a specific range is detected as a block satisfying said specific conditions.

13. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The computer-readable medium according to claim 10, wherein a block in which variation of a vertical or horizontal projection of black pixels included in each line in the block falls within a specific range is detected a block satisfying said specific conditions.

14. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The computer-readable medium according to claim 10, further comprising:

from among the detected one or more ~~regions of two dimensional code areas~~, detecting a two-dimensional code ~~regionarea~~ enclosing by the margin a corresponding detected region of blocks comprising a maximum number of detected neighboring and contiguous blocks as the two dimensional code.

15. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The computer-readable medium according to claim 10, wherein the two-dimensional code ~~regionarea~~ margin is determined by:

scanning an area of the detected region of blocks, from a point within said region of blocks, block by block having a predetermined size upward, downward, to the right and to the left of said point;

detecting a position such that a number of black pixels within said scanned area is less than a predetermined value; and

extracting a square area including said detected position as the ~~region of the two-dimensional code area~~ that encloses by the margin the corresponding detected region of blocks,

for each of the plurality of detected regions of blocks.

16. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The computer-readable medium according to claim 10, further comprising:

calculating average distance between pairs of black pixels within said scanned blocks; and

extracting a scanned block as a detected block satisfying said specific conditions, when a determination is made that said calculated average distance exceeds a predetermined value.

17. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The computer-readable medium according to claim 10, further comprising:

determining an angle of inclination of the input image or the angle of inclination of a two-dimensional code based upon a region of a two-dimensional code area enclosing containing the detected region of blocks comprising the predetermined number of the neighboring and contiguous blocks as the two-dimensional code; and

correcting the angle of inclination, if the angle of inclination exceeds a specific value.

18. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The computer-readable medium according to claim 10, further comprising:

from among the detected one or more regions of two dimensional codes code areas, detecting a two-dimensional code region area enclosing by the margin a corresponding detected region of blocks comprising a maximum number of detected contiguous blocks as the two-dimensional code.

19. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An apparatus extracting two-dimensional code from an input document, comprising:

an image scanner scanning the document, and outputting input image data; and

a programmed computer processor connected to said image scanner and controlling the apparatus according to a two-dimensional code extraction process, comprising:

scanning said input image data in a square block unit of MxN pixels (M and N are positive integers),

detecting blocks that satisfy specific conditions from said scanned blocks,

detecting a plurality of regions of blocks corresponding to a respective plurality of

two-dimensional codes, each region of blocks comprising a number of neighboring and contiguous blocks from among said detected blocks that satisfy specific conditions from said scanned blocks,

detecting one or more regions of areas enclosing respective two-dimensional codes, each region of a two-dimensional code area enclosing by a margin a corresponding detected region of blocks comprising the predetermined number of the neighboring and contiguous blocks as the two-dimensional code, and

extracting one or more two-dimensional codes from among the detected one or more regions of two-dimensional codes areas that have more than a predetermined number of the neighboring and contiguous blocks.

20. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The apparatus extracting two-dimensional code according to claim 19, further comprising means for reading information from a computer-readable medium containing computer software for said two-dimensional code extraction process.